## University and College Fund Type

This fund type combines, in accordance with the AICPA Audit Guide for College and Universities, the financial activity from all fund types for: the University of Massachusetts System, the State College System, and the Community College System.

<u>University of Massachusetts System</u> includes the campuses at Amherst, Boston, Lowell, Dartmouth and Worcester Medical School campuses, the central administration office and the UMass Building Authority. In addition, the UMass Foundation, UMass Dartmouth Foundation and the Worcester City Campus Corporation (doing business as UMass Health System) are included.

<u>State College System</u> includes the nine state colleges which provide four-year post-secondary education programs and the system's building authority.

Bridgewater State College
Framingham State College
Fitchburg State College
Massachusetts College of Art
Massachusetts College of Liberal Arts
Massachusetts Maritime Academy
Massachusetts State College Building Authority
Salem State College
Westfield State College
Worcester State College

<u>Community College System</u> includes the fifteen community colleges which provide two-year post secondary education programs.

Berkshire Community College
Bunker Hill Community College
Bristol Community College
Cape Cod Community College
Greenfield Community College
Holyoke Community College
Massasoit Community College
Massachusetts Bay Community College
Middlesex Community College
Mount Wachusett Community College
Northern Essex Community College
North Shore Community College
Quinsigamond Community College
Roxbury Community College
Springfield Technical Community College



The other critical contributors to New England's economic success were a great expansion of higher education and increased productivity resulting from collegiate training. The fraction of the population with a collegiate degree rose dramatically after World War II, and especially after 1970. While educational attainment rose in both New England and the nation, the increase was particularly pronounced in southern New England. The resulting concentration of highly educated people in a small geographic area has created an economy in which human capital increasingly substitutes for physical capital-and in which external economies from shared inputs and knowledge spillovers are more important than firm-level economies of scale.

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